



Heat sales potentials for bioenergy plants in Germany

UFZ EnergyDays 2018

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AGENDA

- Background: Status quo of bioenergy in Germany
- BE20Plus: project objectives
- Modelling approach
- Results
- Conclusions

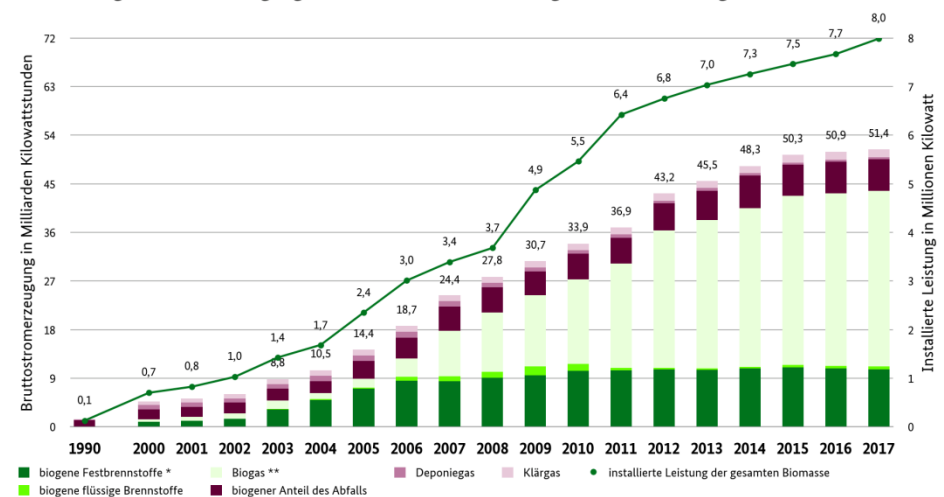
BACKGROUND BIOENERGY

Status Quo in the electricity and heat sector

- approx. 14,000 bioenergy plants (BEPs)
 - ca. 8,700 biogas plants
- Installed capacity: approx. 8 GW
 - ~ 4% total / ~ 9% RES
 - due to high capacity utilisation ~ 31% RES
- Heat provision: 148 TWh



Entwicklung der Stromerzeugung und der installierten Leistung von Biomasseanlagen in Deutschland



* ab 2010 inkl. Klärschlamm; ** inkl. Biomethan; BMWi auf Basis Arbeitsgruppe Erneuerbare Energien-Statistik (AGEE-Stat); Stand: Februar 2018; Angaben vorläufig

Source: BMWi 2018

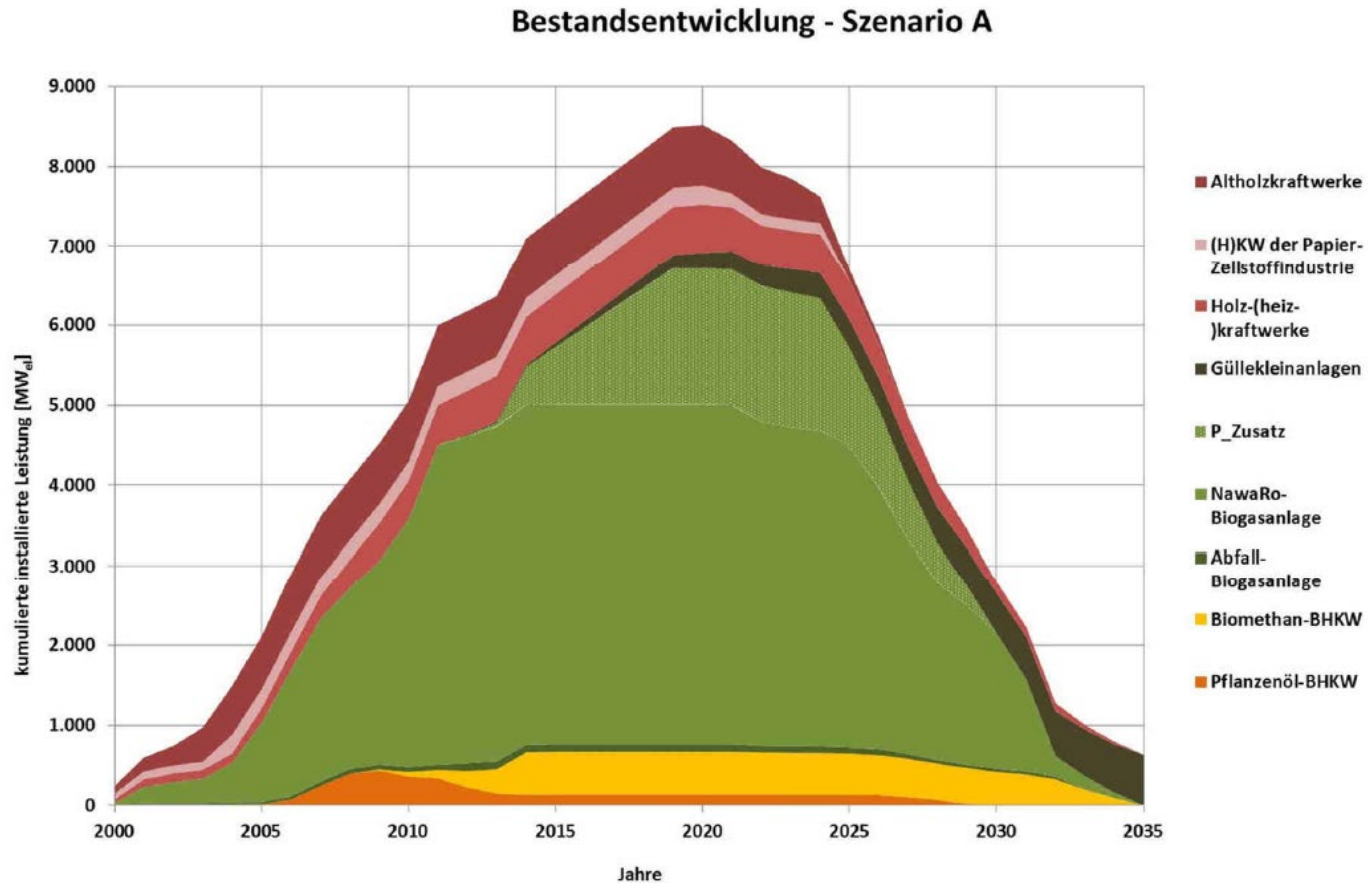


BACKGROUND BIOENERGY

Status Quo

- Majority of BEPs built between 2004 and 2014
- Amendments of the German Renewable Energy Sources Act (EEG) 2014 and 2017 resulted in decline of newly built BEPs and a long term loss of BEPs
- EEG funding ends between 2025 and 2035
- Loss of app. 40 TWh_{el} renewable energy
- Loss of app. 22 TWh_{th} renewable heat
- Loss of flexibility options in the grid
- Negative impacts on the agricultural, forestry and waste sector

BACKGROUND BIOENERGY Outlook



Source: Dotzauer et al., 2015, Entwicklung der Biomasseverstromung bei Fortschreibung der aktuellen EEG-Vergütung

BE20Plus

Overview

Bioenergy – potentials, long term prospects and strategies for power plants after 2020 (BE20plus)

Main objective:

*„...to identify and evaluate **additional revenue streams** on the basis of technical and economical analyses, which address operational strategies and perspectives for **existing bioenergy plants (BEPs)**“*

Quelle: Dotzauer, M. 2018: BE20plus Stakeholder-Workshop, 18.04.18, Berlin

Deutsches Biomasseforschungszentrum
gemeinnützige GmbH

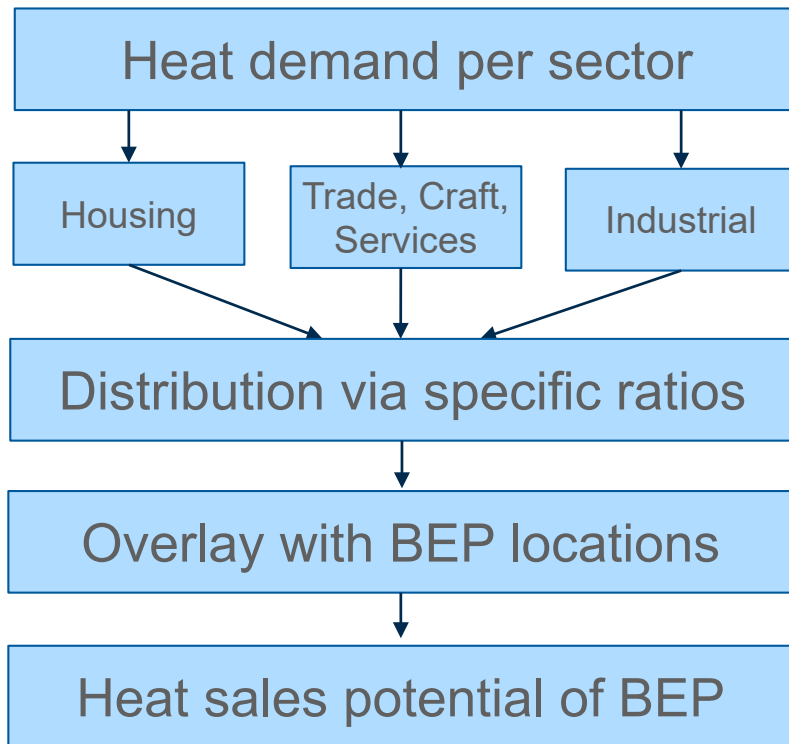


Funded by:



MODELLING APPROACH

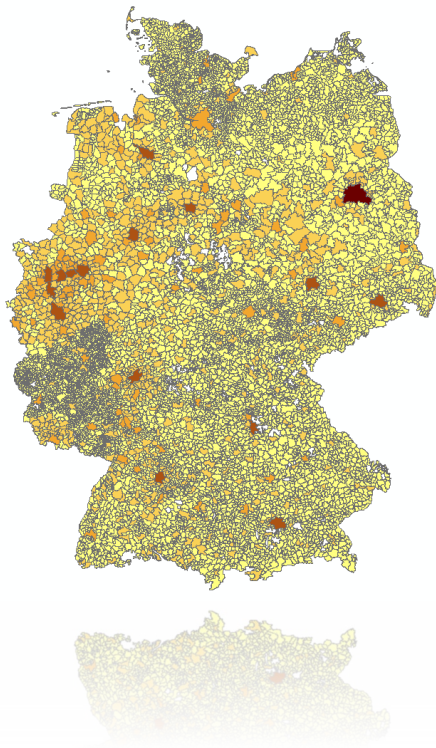
Model scheme and input data



- Top-down-approach
- GIS-Analysis using publicly available data
- Separate analysis for each sector
- Additional analysis for „special buildings“
 - Hospitals
 - Schools (different types)
 - Swimming pools
 - Greenhouses

MODELLING APPROACH

Example housing sector



$$\text{Heat demand per community} = \sum (a * b * c) + d * e$$

a = Number of buildings

b = heat demand per living space

c = living space by building age and type

d = Number of inhabitants

e = hot water consumption per inhabitant

MODELLING APPROACH

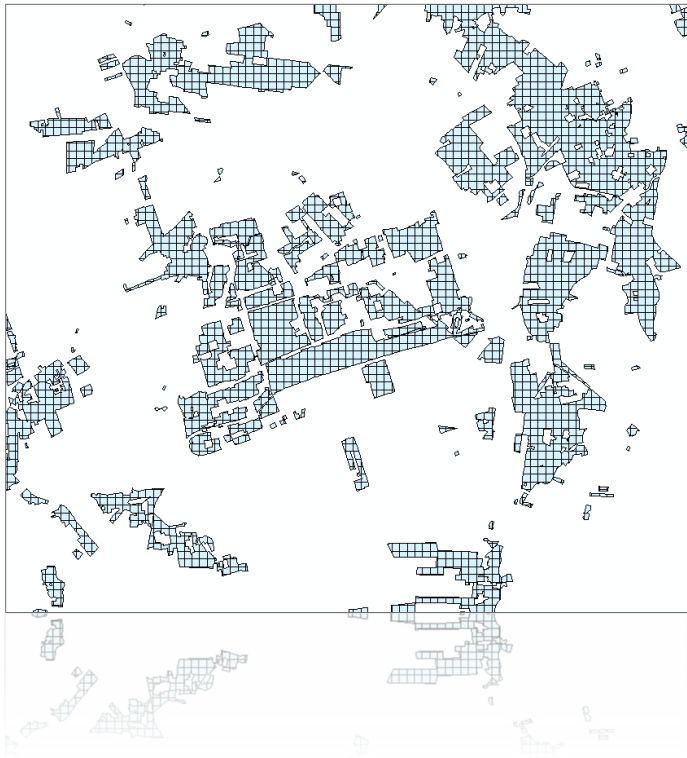
Example housing sector



- ATKIS Basis-DLM
- Selection of residential areas
- Definition of ratio residential areas / community area
- Area factor = $A \text{ single surface} / \Sigma A \text{ living space areas}$

MODELLING APPROACH

Example housing sector



- Adjustment through No. of inhabitants necessary
- Zenus-Data (2011) available von 100m-raster-cells
- Summation of raster-cells for each living space area
- Inhabitant-factor = Σ No. of inhabitants single surface / total population of community

MODELLING APPROACH

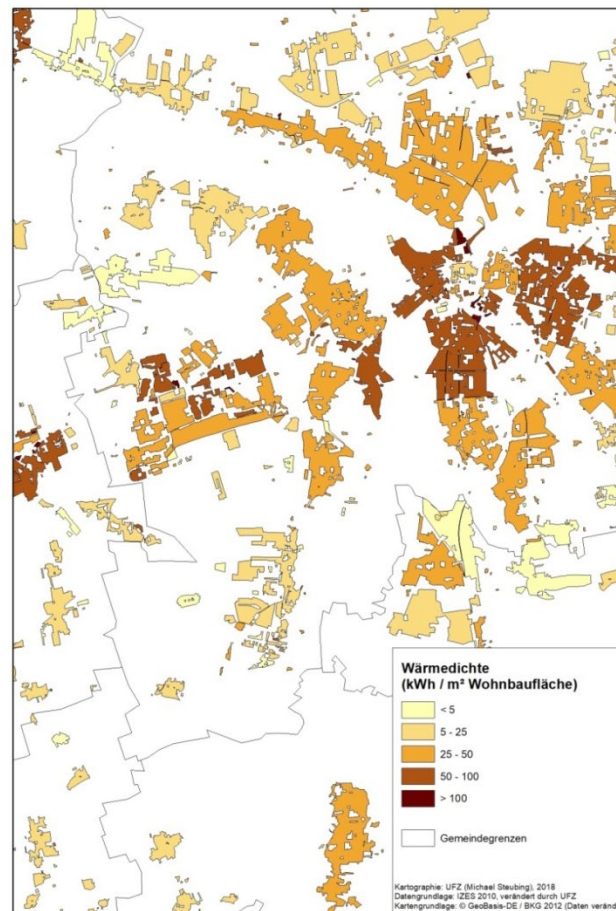
Example housing sector

Heat demand
on community
level

Selection of
residential
areas

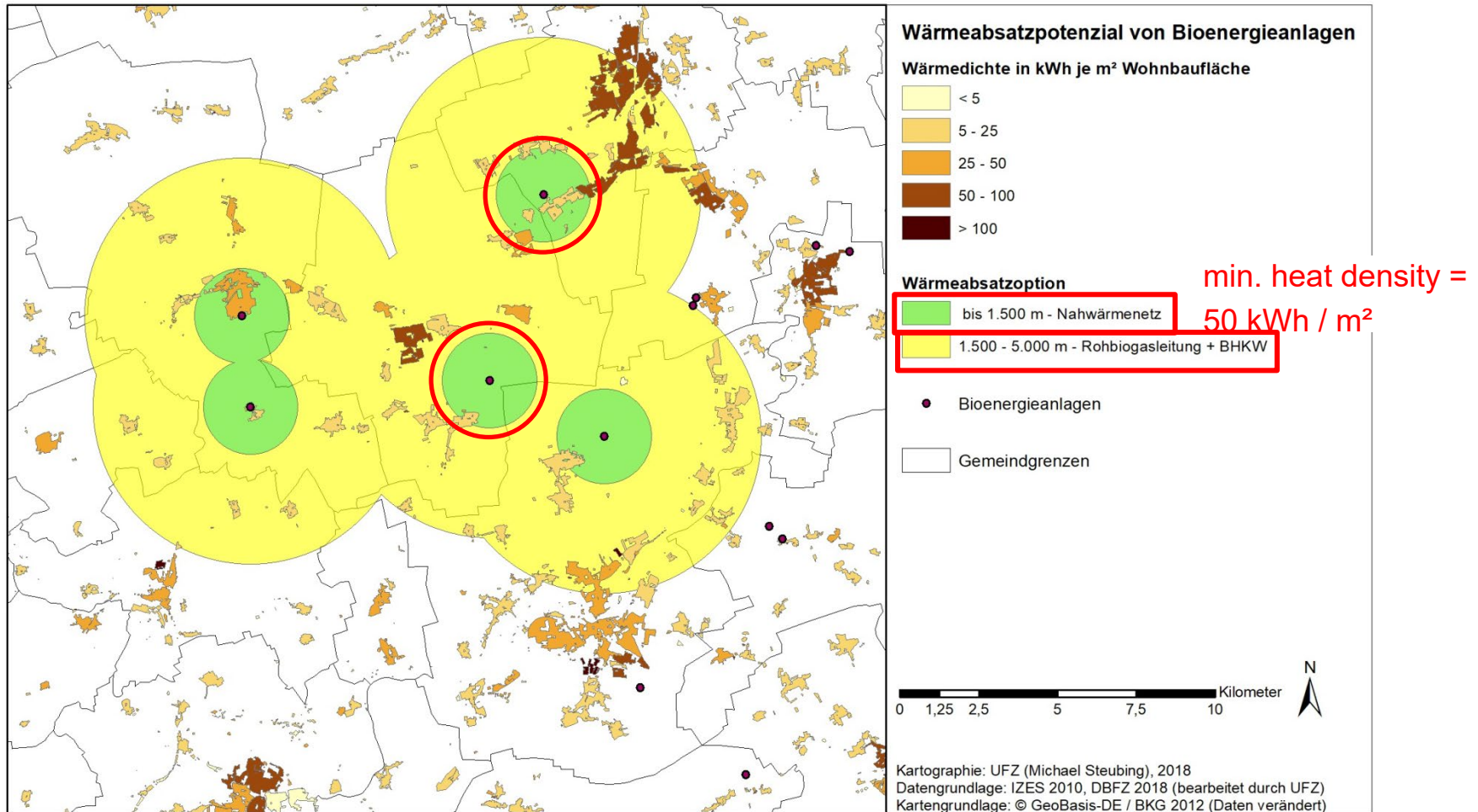
Adjustment
through No. of
inhabitants

Heat demand
on living space
level



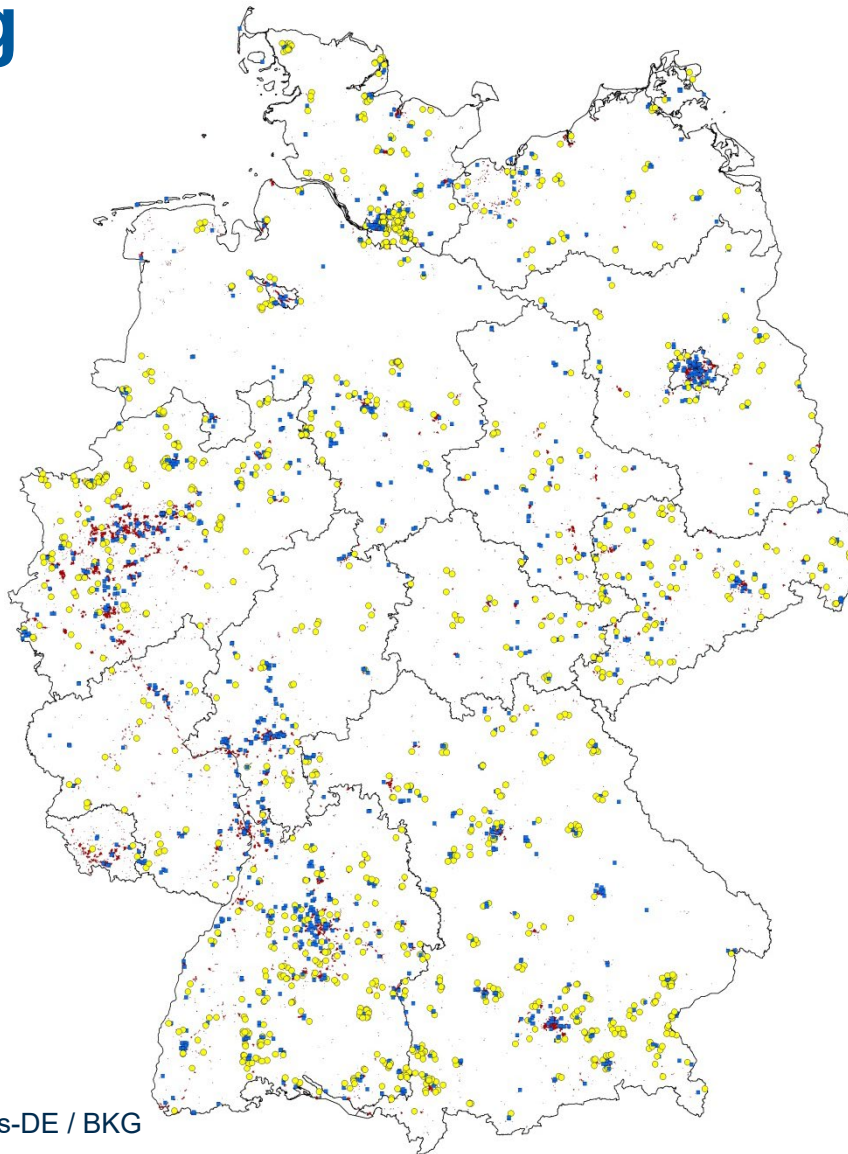
MODELLING APPROACH

Options for local heat networks

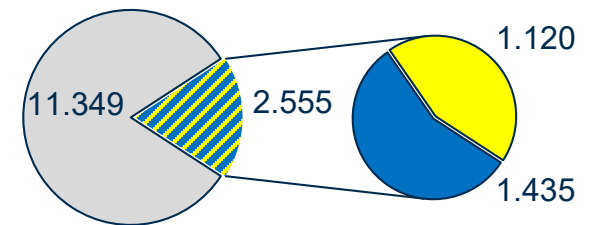


RESULTS

Housing



Number of BEPs with heat sales potential

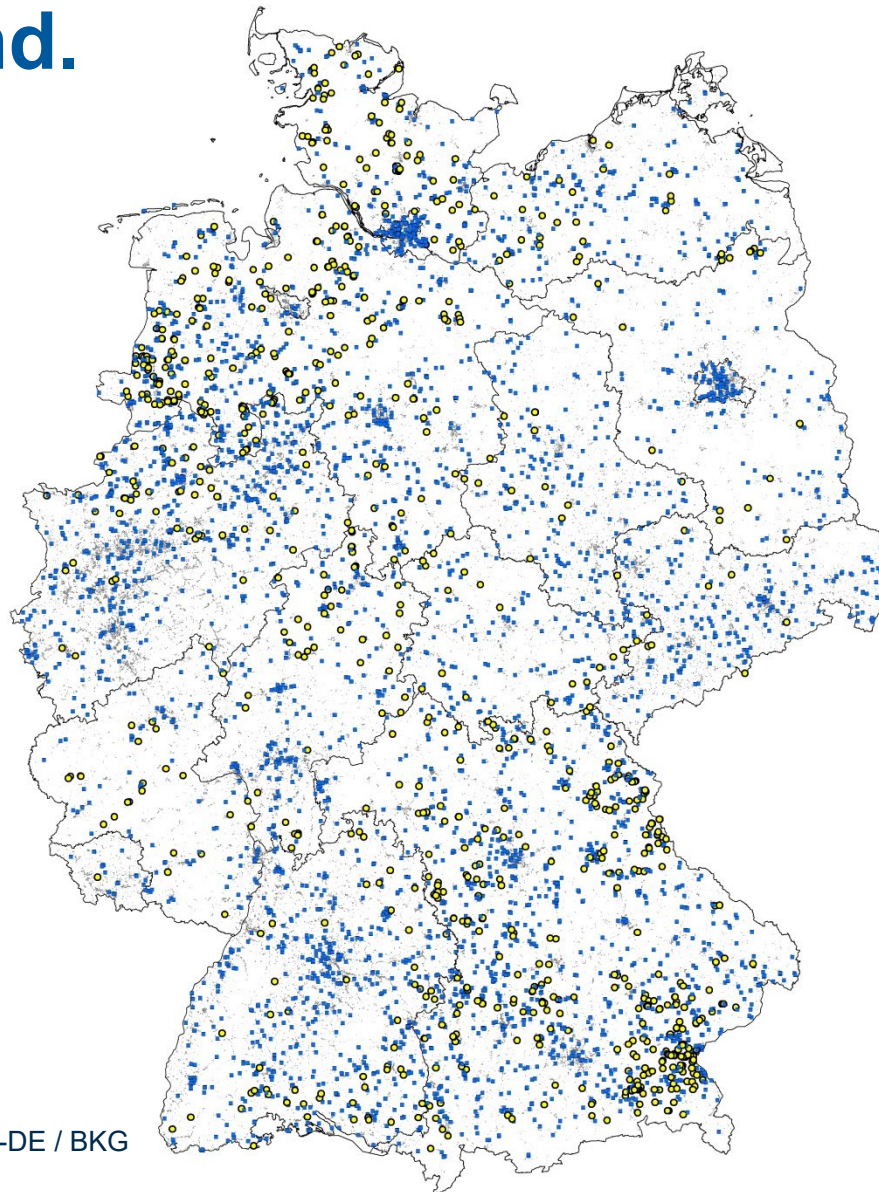


- no potential
- local heat network
- raw biogas pipeline + CHP

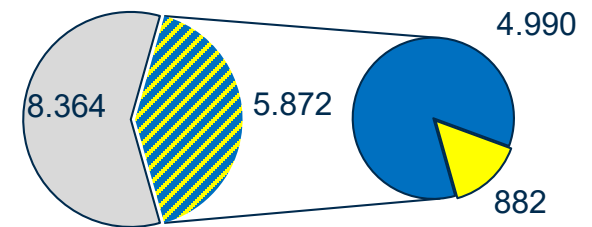
Heat sales potential:
~146 TWH in total
(provisional)

RESULTS PER SECTOR

TCS + Ind.



Number of BEPs with heat sales potential

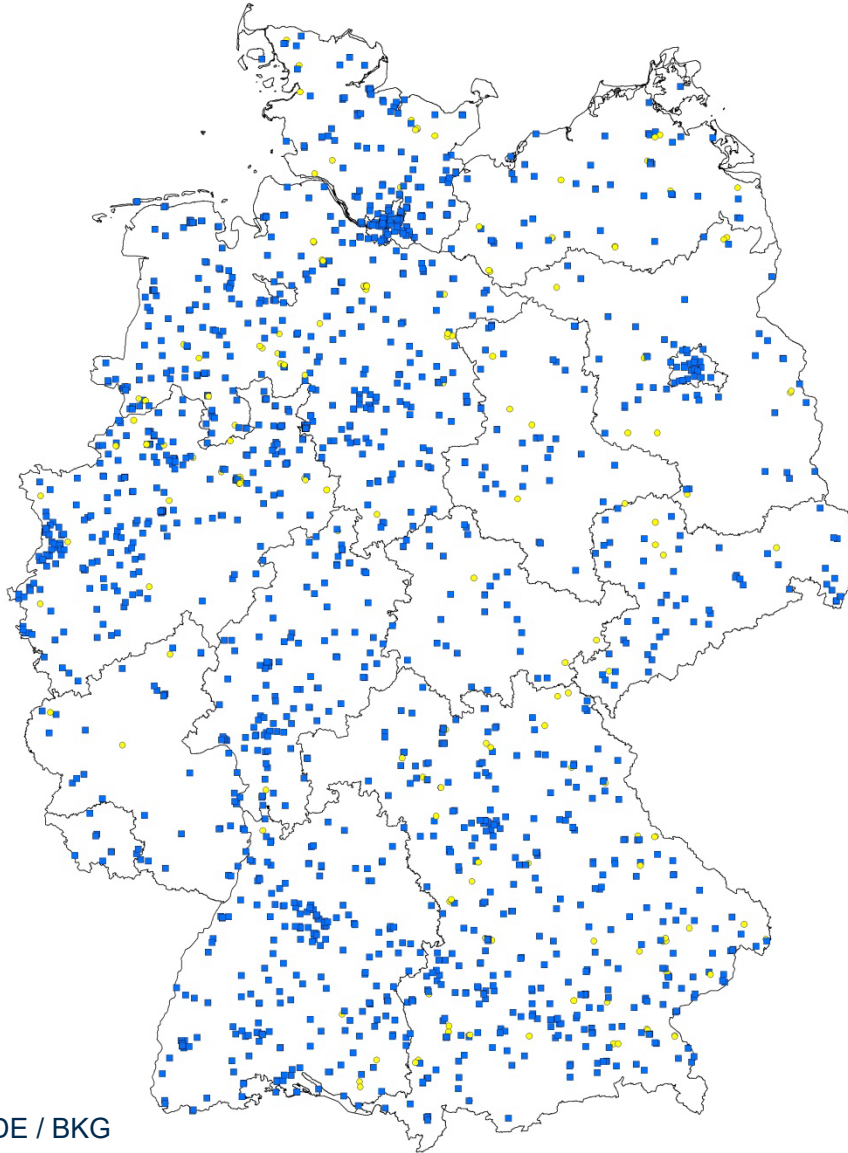


- no potential
- local heat network
- raw biogas pipeline + CHP

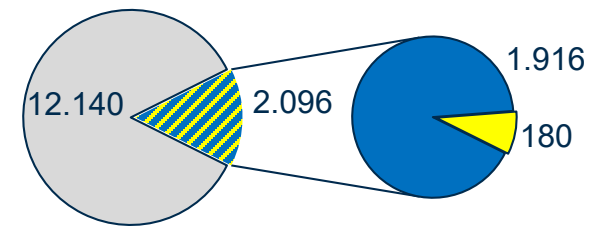
Heat sales potential:
~171 TWH in total
(provisional)

RESULTS

Special



Number of BEPs with heat sales potential



- no potential
- local heat network
- raw biogas pipeline + CHP

Heat sales potential:
~ 3 TWH in total
(provisional)

CONCLUSIONS

- Roughly on third of BEPs in Germany have heat sales potential
 - But: no geographical details or existing heat networks considered
- Biggest potential in TCS-sector
- To generate additional revenue streams, this potential has to be further exploited
- Time is a crucial factor since investing in local heat networks is a long term decision